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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/769,065	01/25/2001	Yoshio Hagihara	15162/03070 7880		
24367	7590 12/23/2004		EXAMINER		
	USTIN BROWN & WC	AGGARWAL, YOGESH K			
SUITE 3400	HARWOOD		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
DALLAS, T	X 75201	2615			

DATE MAILED: 12/23/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicat	on No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		•••	09/769,065 HAGIHARA ET A					
		Examine		Art Unit	·			
			(Aggarwal	2615				
	The MAILING DATE of this commun			correspondence add	dress			
Period for	• •	OD DEDLY IS SET	TO EVELEE A MONTH	(C) EDOM				
THE M - Extens after S - If the p - If NO p - Failure Any re	PRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUN sions of time may be available under the provisions BIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comr period for reply specified above is less than thirty (5 period for reply is specified above, the maximum st et or reply within the set or extended period for reply ply received by the Office later than three months: d patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ICATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no endinguistion. o) days, a reply within the statutory period will apply and we will, by statute, cause the ap	vent, however, may a reply be til tutory minimum of thirty (30) day vill expire SIX (6) MONTHS from plication to become ABANDONE	mely filed ys will be considered timely the mailing date of this co ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status	1							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on <i>09 August 200</i>	4					
	. The state of t							
3)□ :	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositio	on of Claims		·					
5)	Claim(s) 1-22 is/are pending in the above claim(s) 1-5 and 10 Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 6-9 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restrict	<u>9-22</u> is/are withdrawn						
Application	on Papers	,						
9)∏ T	he specification is objected to by th	e Examiner.	ť					
10)⊠ T	0)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>25 January 2001</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected to by the Examiner.							
,	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority ur	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
a)[≥ 2	All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority 2. Copies of the certified copies application from the Internations the attached detailed Office actions.	documents have been documents have been of the priority documental Bureau (PCT Ru	en received. en received in Applicat ents have been receiv le 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National :	Stage			
Attachm	~)		•		•			
Attachment(of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) Notice	of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (F	PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail D	ate	19			
3) ⊠ Inform Paper	ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or No(s)/Mail Date 01/25/2001.	PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ratent Application (PTO	-152)			

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 6-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hynecek et al.
 (US Patent # 6,323,479) in view of Dierickx (US PG-PUB # 2001/0045508).

[Claim 6]

Hynecek et al. teaches a solid-state image-sensing device (figure 1). Although the figure shows only one pixel, it is inherent that in any application like a camera or a scanner a plurality of pixels are used. The pixel shown is capable of outputting electric signals either in a first mode in which the electric signals are natural-logarithmically proportional to an amount of incident light or in a second mode in which the electric signals are linearly proportional to the amount of incident light (col. 1 lines 10-16, col. 2 lines 52-65, figures 1 and 2). Hynecek et al. fails to specifically disclose a detection circuit for detecting variations in sensitivity among the pixels in each of the first and second modes. However Dierickx disclose a detection circuit (figure 1, elements 2 and 4) for detecting variation in sensitivity among the pixels in logarithmic mode (Paragraphs 25-27, figure 2 disclose a graph showing the pixel output voltage v/s input light intensity. Light sensitivity is defined as light/voltage conversion ratio of a pixel). Therefore taking the combined teachings of Hynecek and Dierickx, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to have been motivated to have used a detection circuit as disclosed in Dierickx with the linear-log pixel response of Hynecek in order to remove

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sensitivity variations of the pixels in both modes. The benefit of doing so would be to remove the pixel nonuniformities (sensitivity variations) and to be able to restore the proper value of the photocurrent as taught in Dierickx (Paragraph 27). Although Dierickx does not explicitly talk about the linear response of the pixels, it would be inherently taught in the combination of Hynecek and Dierickx that when the sensor array of Hynecek is used in a linear mode, Dierickx corrects the sensitivity of pixels in linear mode.

[Claim 7]

Dierickx teach a constant-current source (figure 1, element 2) and a switch (figure 1, element 4) for electrically connecting and disconnecting the constant-current source to and from the pixels.

[Claim 8]

Hynecek teach a photoelectric conversion element (figure 1) for outputting an electric signal proportional to an amount of incident light (col. 2 lines 52-53), a first transistor (figure 1, element Q₁) connected in series with the photoelectric conversion element and a second transistor (figure 1, reset transistor), having a control electrode thereof connected to a node between the first transistor and the photoelectric conversion element (col. 2 lines 52-57), for outputting the electric signal, wherein, in the first mode (logarithmic mode), a first voltage is applied to a control electrode (node 1) of the first transistor (Q1) to make the first transistor operate in a subthreshold region (col. 2 line 66- col. 3 line 13, figure 2, logarithmic response), and wherein, in the second mode (linear mode), the second transistor (reset gate) is used to prebias an accumulation node (control node of the first transistor Q1) to turn the first transistor cut-off (col. 1 lines 10-16).

[Claim 9]

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Dierickx teach a constant-current source (figure 1, element 2) and a switch (figure 1, element 4) for electrically connecting and disconnecting the constant-current source to and from a node between the first transistor (7) and the photoelectric conversion element (1), wherein, when detecting variations in sensitivity among the pixels in the first mode (logarithmic), the first transistor is made to operate in a subthreshold region (Hynecek teaches subthreshold region) and the switch is turned on so that a constant current is fed from the constant-current source through the switch to the first transistor to sample output signals from the pixels (Paragraph 32), and wherein, when detecting variations in sensitivity among the pixels in the second mode (linear), the first transistor cut-off (Hynecek, col. 1 lines 10-16) Although Dierickx does not explicitly talk about the linear response of the pixels, it would be inherently taught in the combination of Hynecek and Dierickx that when the sensor array of Hynecek is used in a linear mode, Dierickx turns the switch on so that a constant voltage is fed through the constant-current source to the control electrode of the second transistor (reset transistor of Hynecek) to initialize the pixels and then sample output signals from the pixels.

Conclusion

- 3. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
 - i. Collins et al. (US Patent # 6,683,645).
 - ii. Dierickx (US Patent # 5,933,190).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Yogesh K Aggarwal whose telephone number is (703) 305-0346. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9:00AM-5:30PM.

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- 4. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Andrew Christensen can be reached on (703) 308-9644. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.
- 5. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

YKA December 6, 2004 TUAN HO
PRIMARY EXAMINER